



In this worksheet you will master the laws of logarithms to simplify and manipulate logarithmic expressions effectively. Work through each question carefully, showing all your workings.

## Easy Questions

1. Write the expression  $\log(2 \cdot 3)$  as a sum of two logarithms.
2. Express  $\log\left(\frac{15}{3}\right)$  as a difference of two logarithms.
3. Simplify  $\log(2^4)$  by using the power law.
4. Write  $\log(a \cdot b^2)$  as a sum of logarithms.
5. Simplify  $\log(\sqrt{x})$  and write your answer in terms of  $\log(x)$ .

## Intermediate Questions

6. Express  $\log a + \log b - \log c$  as a single logarithm.
7. Simplify  $2 \log x + \frac{1}{2} \log y$  into a single logarithm.
8. Write the expression  $\log\left(\frac{x^3}{y^2}\right)$  as a combination of logarithms.
9. Simplify  $\frac{1}{3} \log(8x^3)$  to an equivalent expression.
10. Simplify  $\log(m^4) - \frac{1}{2} \log m$ .
11. Given that  $\log x + \log y = 3$ , write the equation in the form  $\log(xy) = \dots$
12. Express  $\log a + \frac{1}{2} \log b - 2 \log c$  as a single logarithm.
13. Expand  $\log\left(\frac{p^3 q}{r^2}\right)$  completely.
14. Write  $\frac{1}{4} \log(s^8 t^2)$  as a sum of logarithms.
15. Express  $\log(50)$  in terms of  $\log 2$  and  $\log 5$ , given that  $50 = 2 \cdot 5^2$ .

16. Simplify  $3 \log k - \log(k^2)$ .
17. Expand  $\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{a^3b}{c}}\right)$  completely.
18. Express  $\frac{1}{2} \log x - \log y + \frac{3}{2} \log z$  as a single logarithm.
19. Write  $2 \log(2x) - 3 \log(3y)$  as a single logarithm.
20. Expand  $\log\left(\frac{a^3b^2}{c^4}\right)$  completely.

## Hard Questions

21. Write  $\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{p^5q^3}{r^2}}\right)$  as a combination of logarithms.
22. Simplify  $\log a - 2[\log a - \log b]$  and express your answer as a single logarithm.
23. Rewrite  $3[\log m + \log n] - \frac{1}{2}[2 \log m - 4 \log p]$  as a single logarithm.
24. Write  $\log\left(\frac{2x^3\sqrt{y}}{z^2}\right)$  as a sum and difference of logarithms.
25. Express  $\frac{1}{3}[3 \log(2a) - \log(b^2)]$  as a single logarithm.
26. Simplify  $\log\left(\frac{x^2}{y^3}\right) + \log\left(\frac{y}{xz^2}\right)$  into a single logarithm.
27. Expand completely  $\log\left(\frac{(a^2b)^{3/2}}{c\sqrt{d}}\right)$ .
28. Combine  $2 \log(3x) + \frac{1}{2} \log(y^2) - \log(6x^2)$  into a single logarithm.
29. Combine  $\frac{1}{2}[\log(4a) + \log(9b)] - \log(6)$  into one logarithm.
30. Express  $\frac{1}{2} \log\left(\frac{x^6}{y^4}\right) - \log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$  as a single simplified logarithm.