

In this worksheet you will tackle equations where the unknown appears in the exponent. You will develop techniques such as rewriting expressions with a common base and applying logarithms to solve exponential equations. Work through the easy questions first, then challenge yourself with the intermediate and hard questions.

Easy Questions

- 1. Solve $2^x = 8$.
- 2. Solve $3^x = 27$.
- 3. Solve $10^x = 100$.
- 4. Solve $5^{x+1} = 25$.
- 5. Solve $2^{2x} = 16$.

Intermediate Questions

- 6. Solve $3^{2x} = 81$.
- 7. Solve $4^{x+1} = 64$.
- 8. Solve $2^x = 32$.
- 9. Solve $5^{2x-1} = 125$.
- 10. Solve $9^x = 27$.
- 11. Solve (or simplify) $2^{x+2} = 2^x \cdot 4$ and explain why the equation holds for all real numbers x.
- 12. Solve $\frac{1}{2^x} = 16$.
- 13. Solve $3^x + 3^x = 54$.
- 14. Solve $2^x = 3^{x-1}$.
- 15. Solve $4^x = 2^{x+3}$.
- 16. Solve $5^x = 25^{x-2}$.
- 17. Solve $10^{2x} = 1000$.

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- 18. Solve $6^x = 216$.
- 19. Solve $2^{2x+1} = 32$.
- 20. Solve $7^x = 49$.

Hard Questions

- 21. Solve $2^{3x+1} = 5 \cdot 2^x$. 22. Solve $3^{2x} - 3^x - 12 = 0$. 23. Solve $2^{x+1} = 3^{x-2}$. 24. Solve $5^{2x} = 125^{x-1}$. 25. Solve $4^{x+2} = 8^{2x-1}$. 26. Solve $2^x + 2^x = 2^{x+3}$. 27. Solve $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x-2} = 9$. 28. Solve $2^x = 7$. 29. Solve $\sqrt{2}^{4x} = 16$.
- 30. Solve $3^{x-1} = 2^{x+2}$.